

March 2023

FTSE
Russell

An LSEG Business

Retail Investor Survey

Index strategies: 2023's untapped opportunity

Retail investors seek advisors' assistance

Despite the turbulence in financial markets, U.S. retail investors are looking to increase their investments in index strategies in 2023. For advisors, this appetite for indexes represents an overlooked business opportunity, which is especially valuable after a year of mutual fund outflows.*

* For 2022, U.S. ETPs attracted a net \$593.4 billion, while conventional U.S. funds handed back a net \$1.074 trillion. Combined the fund business (including ETFs) experienced \$480.5 trillion in net outflows. Source: Refinitiv Lipper.

1

Advisors are overlooking 2023's opportunity

Two thirds of investors would like advisors to discuss index investing – showing the scale of this untapped opportunity.

2

Counterintuitively, shift to index strategies set to continue

Nearly four in ten retail investors who already own index strategies plan to add more. This counters expectations that index strategies prosper in buoyant rather than turbulent markets.

3

Closing the education gap on index strategies is key

Among those investors who don't invest in index-based strategies, the number one barrier to investing is lack of knowledge.

4

Investors are highly satisfied with index strategy performance

More than three quarters of investors agree that their index strategies have performed as well or better than other investments.

5

Revealing the small cap paradox

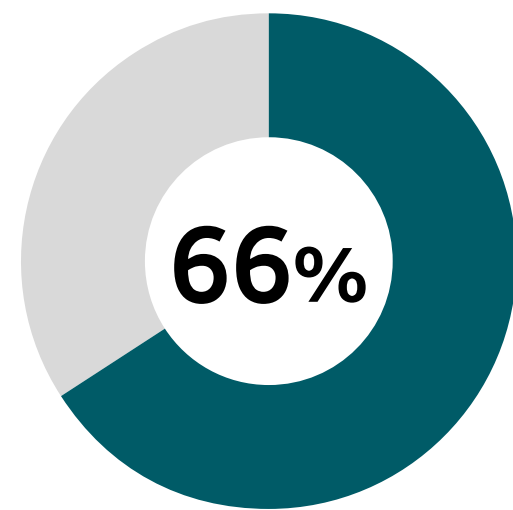
Less than a third of investors use small-cap index strategies, which would diversify the higher risk in this type of asset.

6

Investors are surprisingly positive, even in a turbulent market

With an intelligent eye to the long term, many investors say they would hold their portfolio in a stock market decline, and others view it as a buying opportunity.

1 Advisors are overlooking 2023's opportunity



Two thirds of investors with financial advisors would like their advisor to discuss index investing – showing the scale of this untapped opportunity.

Revealing the extent of the missed opportunity, two thirds (66%) of those who say their advisor has not suggested index strategies want their advisors to discuss them. At a time when mutual funds have been experiencing outflows, retail investors' plans to increase their holdings in index strategies represent a significant opportunity for advisors, according to the inaugural FTSE Russell Retail Investor Survey.

Almost half of investors (45%) who have advisors and are aware of index strategies don't recall their advisor speaking to them about index strategy investments.

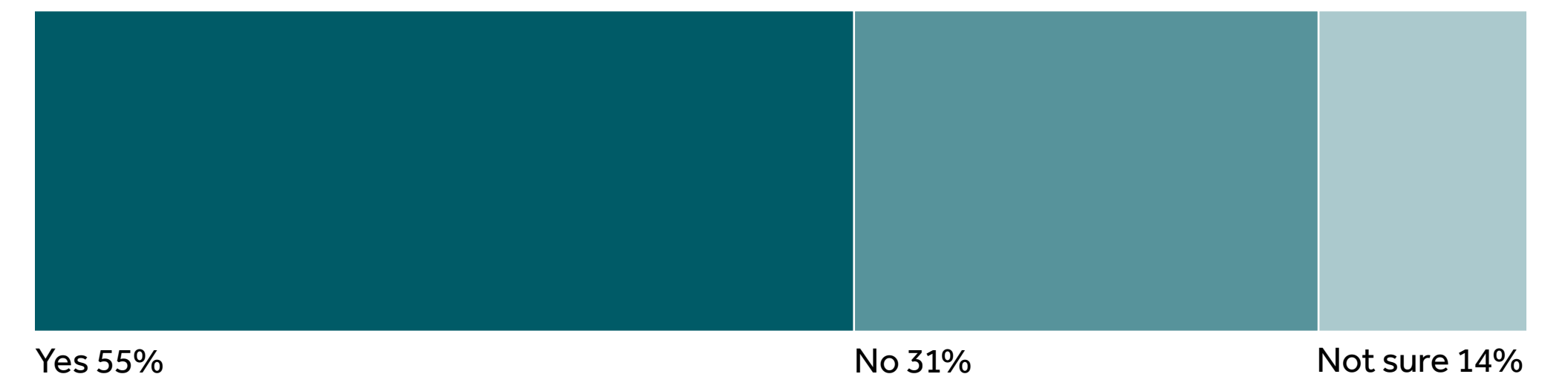
Do you currently work with a financial advisor?

Based on all 1002 respondents



Has your financial advisor ever discussed index strategies with you?

Based on 477 respondents with a financial advisor and aware of index strategies

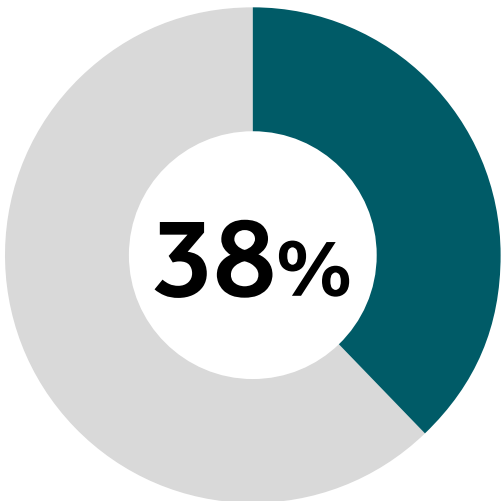


Would you want your financial advisor to discuss index strategies with you?

Based on 215 respondents who have not discussed index strategies



2 Counterintuitively, a shift to index strategies is set to continue

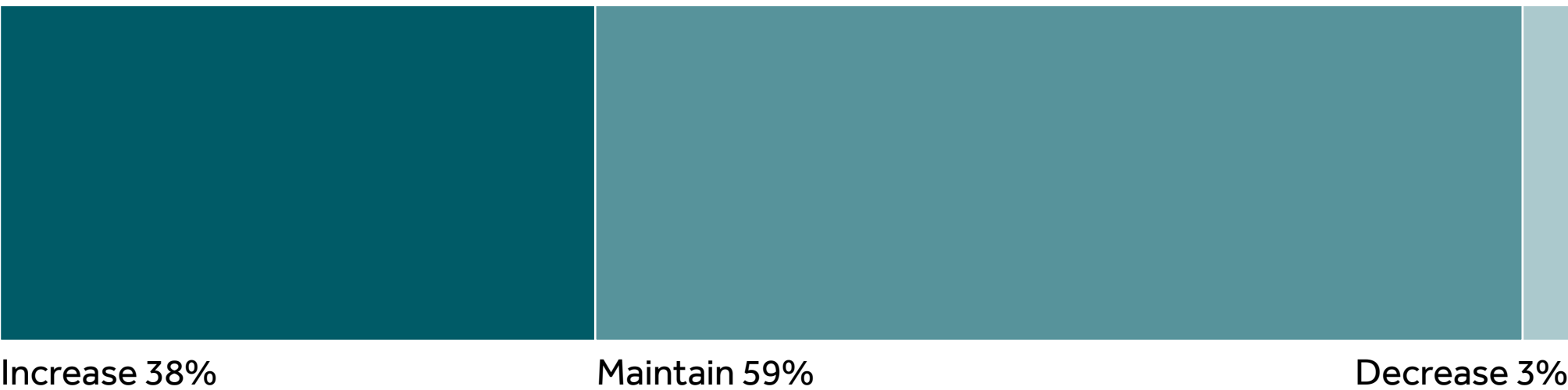


Nearly four in ten retail investors who already own index strategies plan to add more.

Our survey indicates that the multi-year shift to index-based strategies looks set to continue in 2023, with a high rate of net ETF inflows. That contrasts with conventional wisdom that index strategies prosper in buoyant but not turbulent markets. Suggesting that 2023 will be another year of investors favoring index-based strategies, nearly four in ten (38%) U.S. retail investors who hold indexes plan to add to their investments in these strategies.

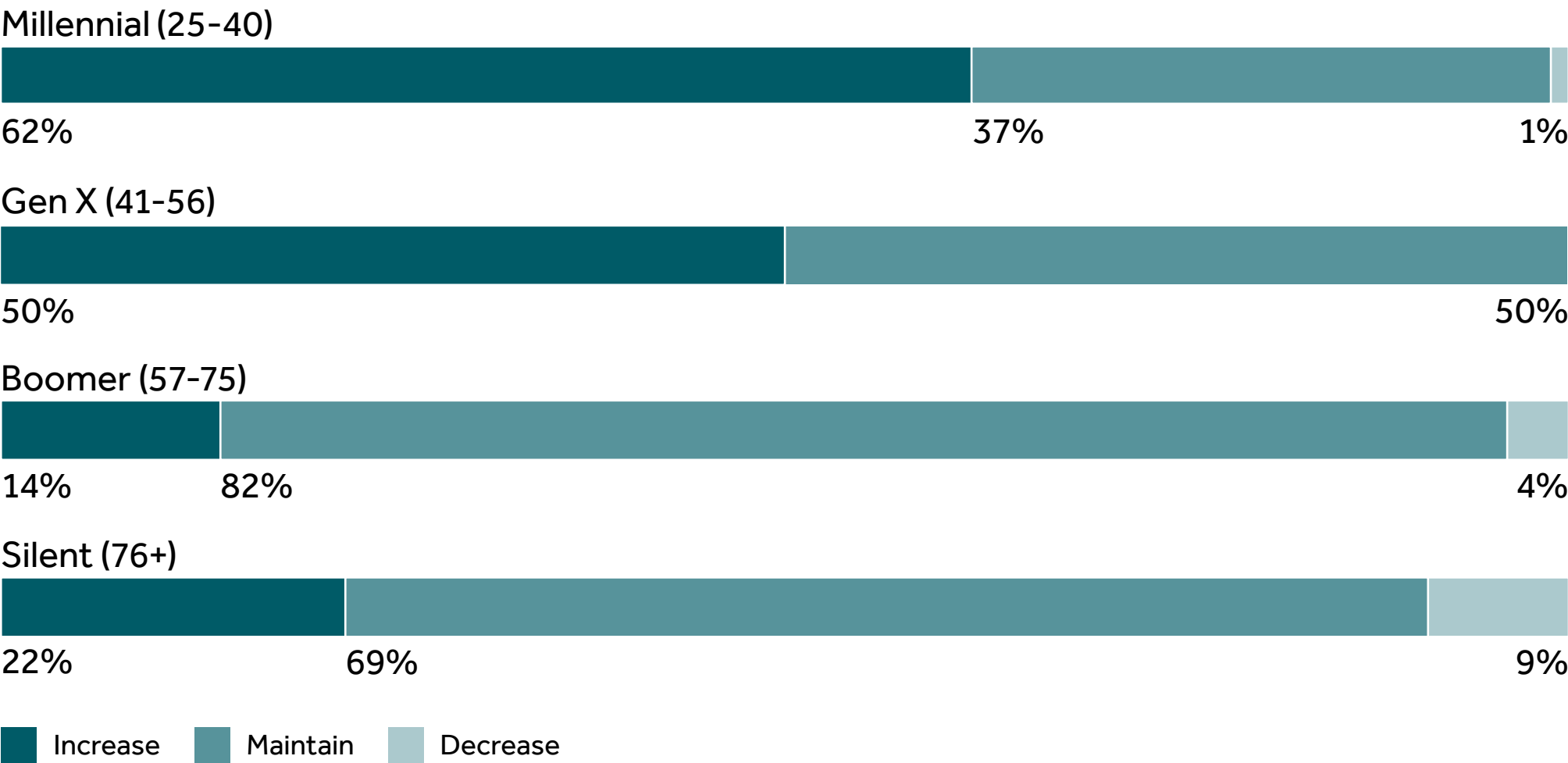
In 2023, do you expect to increase, maintain or decrease your use of index strategies?

Based on 272 respondents who invest in index strategies

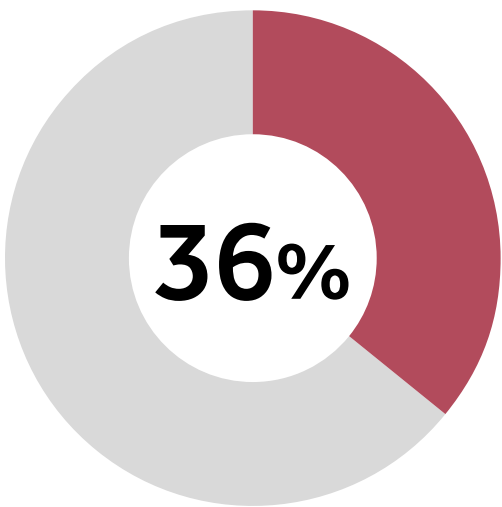


Breakdown by generation

Based on 272 respondents who invest in index strategies



3 Closing the education gap on index strategies is key



More than a third of investors who do not invest in index strategies say they don't know how they work.

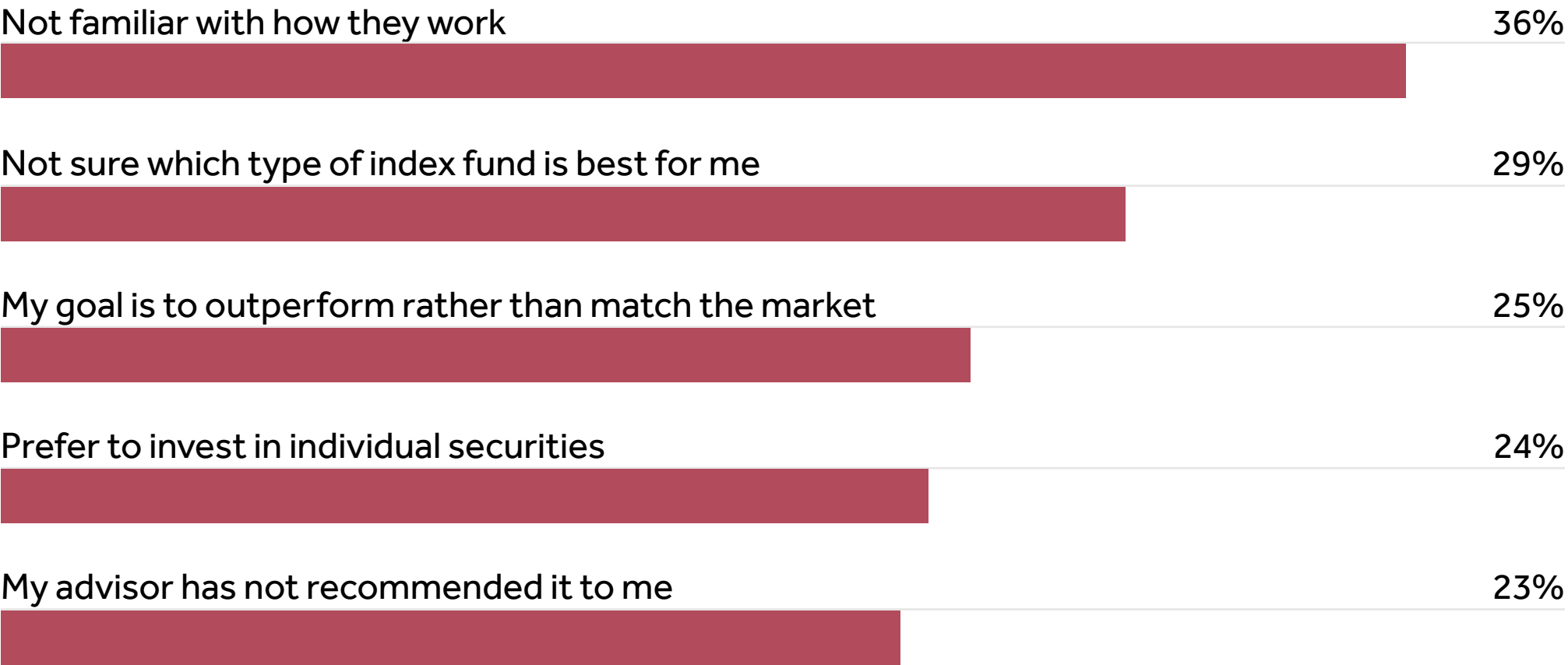
Advisors have a valuable role to play through education because investors who do not own index strategies say lack of knowledge is the biggest issue. They either don't know how strategies work or what would be suitable.

After providing wise counsel through market turbulence, advisors are trusted to teach investors. Almost all investors (92%) with advisors are satisfied with their service.

Notably, index strategies are favored by wealthy investors, who may also be the most sophisticated. Four in ten (40%) investors with investable assets of over \$1 million own indexes, compared with just two in ten (21%) with less than \$250,000.

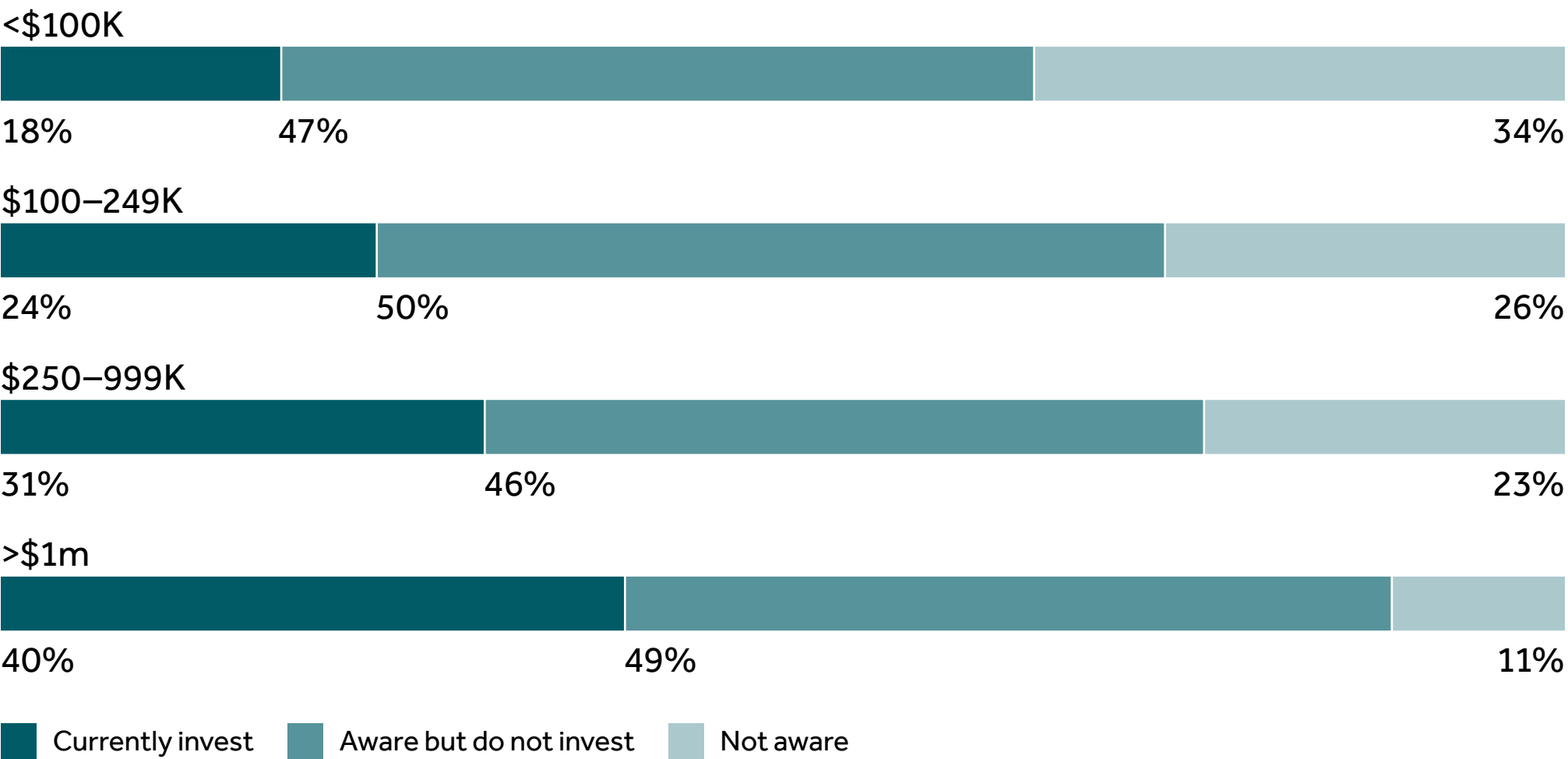
Reasons respondents do not invest in index strategies

Based on 478 respondents who are aware of index strategies but do not use

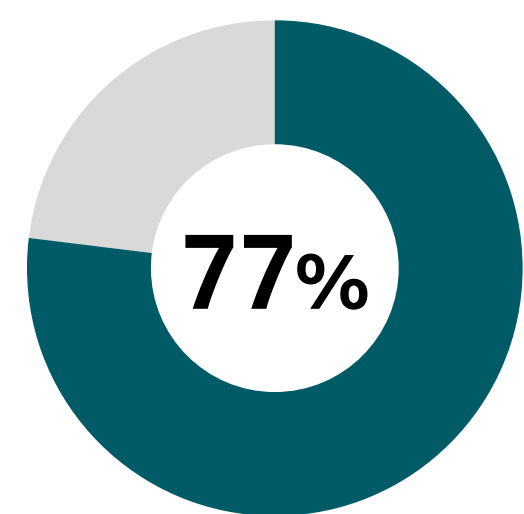


Awareness and usage of index strategies (by investable wealth)

Based on 750 respondents who are aware or invest in index strategies



4 Investors are highly satisfied with index strategy performance



More than three quarters of investors agree that their index strategies have performed as well or better than other investments.

Investors are highly satisfied with the performance of index strategies, according to our survey. More than three quarters (77%) agree that index strategies have performed as well as or better than their other investments.

Investors have intelligent, long-term reasons for liking index strategies, citing “good performance over time” as the top reason why they invest, or plan to, in index strategies. They also have the bigger portfolio management picture in mind, viewing “create a diversified portfolio” as almost as important a reason, with “ease of use” also featuring as a major motivation for index investing.

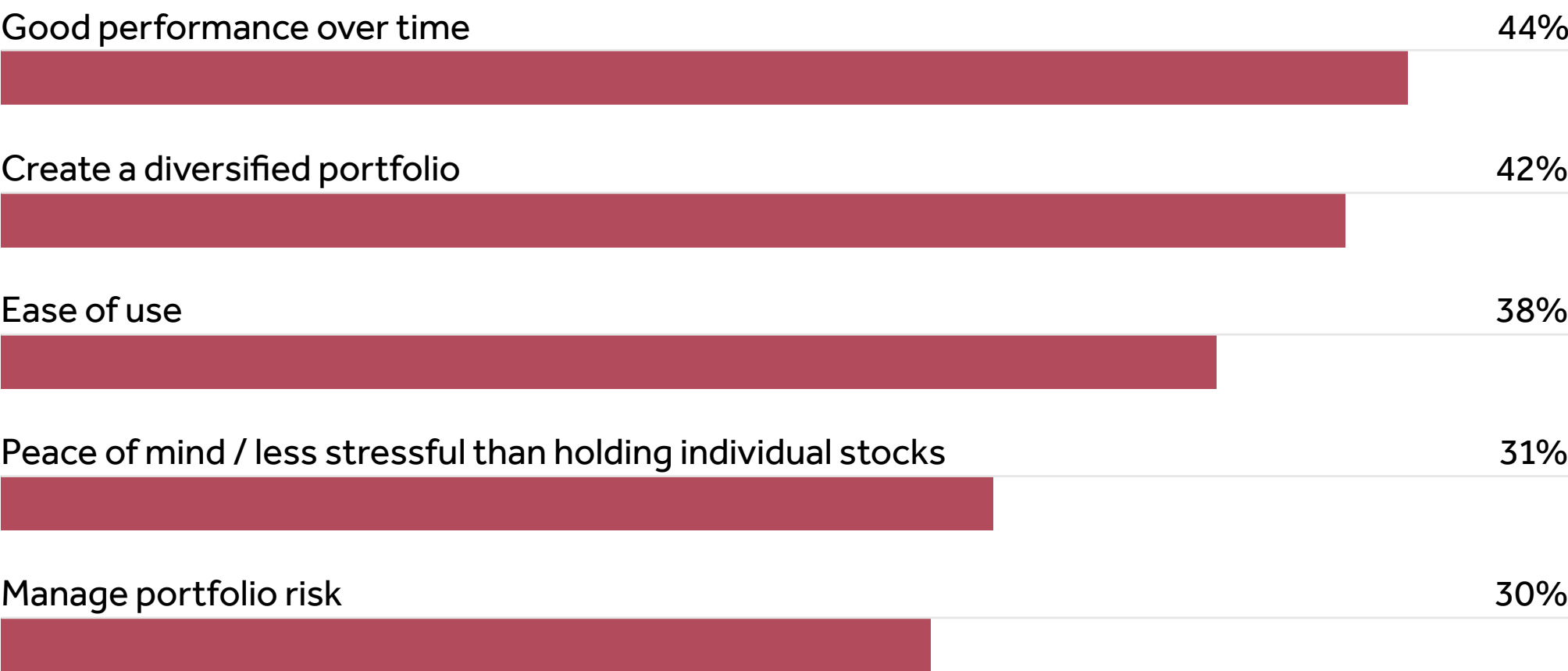
My index strategies have performed as well or better than my other investments

Based on 272 respondents who currently invest in index strategies

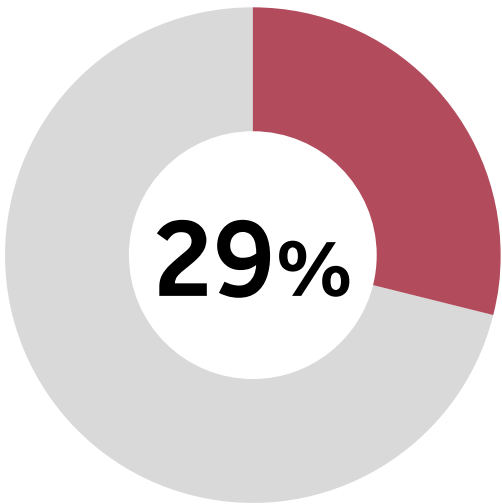


Top reasons for using or planning to use index strategies

Based on 424 respondents who use or plan to use index strategies



5 Revealing the small cap paradox



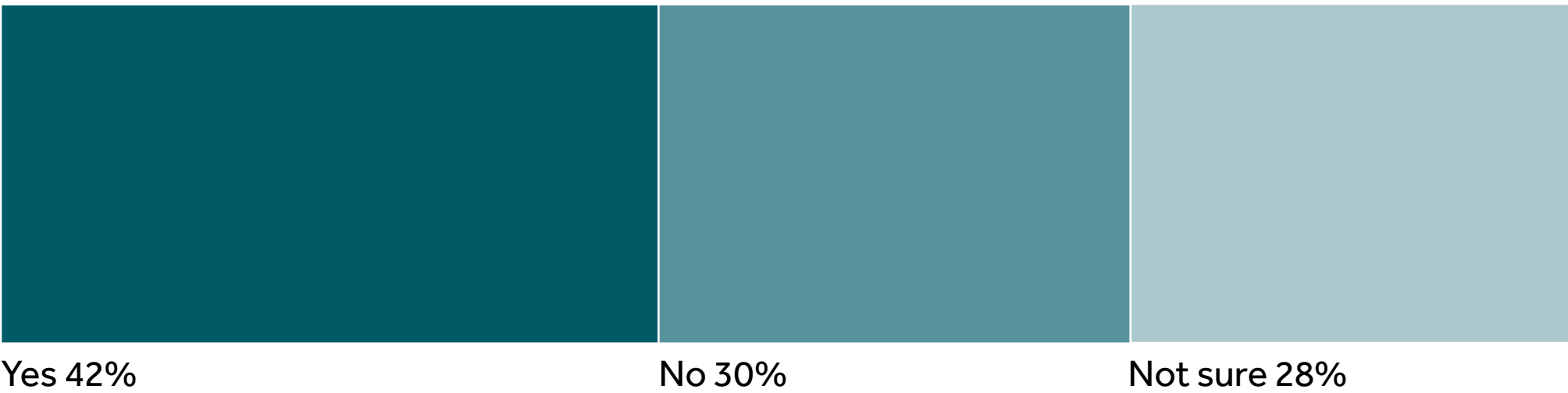
Less than a third of investors use small-cap index strategies, which would diversify the higher risk in this type of asset.

Showing how advisors are missing a trick, almost half (49%) of survey respondents investing in small caps do so by buying individual stocks. That exposes them to enormous stock-specific risk.

Paradoxically, only a little under a third (29%) use small-cap index strategies, although doing so would diversify their risk while still providing the opportunity for outsized returns. Almost four in ten (38%) invest through actively managed funds.

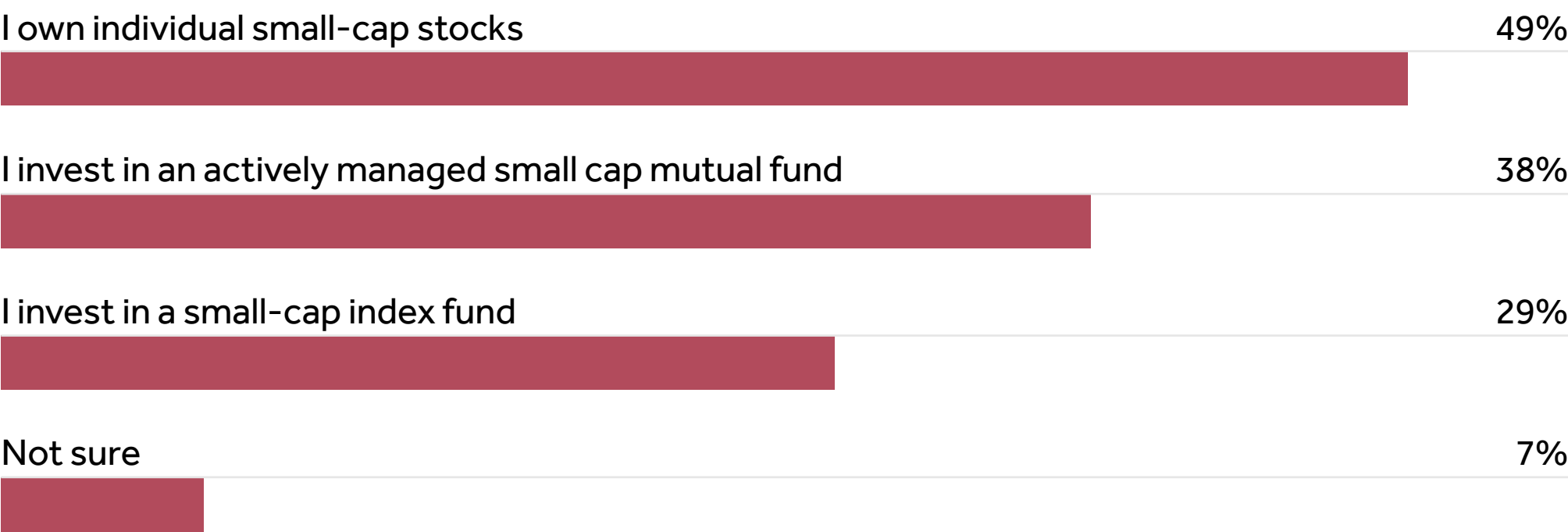
Do you currently invest in small-cap index stocks?

Based on all 1002 respondents

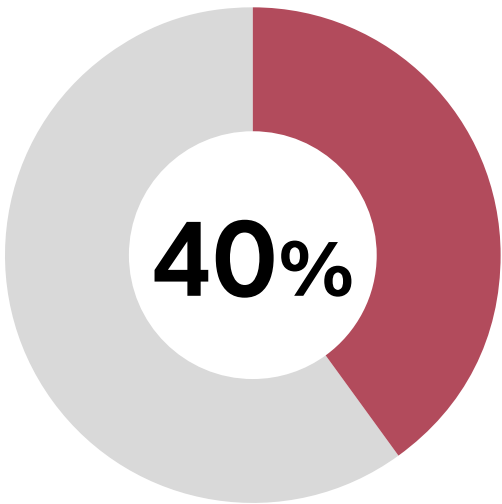


Method of investing in small cap stocks

Based on 420 respondents who invest in small cap stocks



6 Investors are positive, even in a turbulent market



With an intelligent eye to the long term, 40% of investors say they would hold their portfolio in a stock market decline, and others view it as a buying opportunity.

Looking forward to the rest of 2023, investors are unexpectedly optimistic: they are as likely to seize chances for larger gains as they are to avoid investment risk. When asked if they are choosing a “risk on” or “risk off” approach, investors are evenly split at 37%—with 26% not sure.

Indicating a long-term approach, four in ten (40%) investors say they would hold their current portfolio if there were a major stock market correction. A further 35% would view it as a buying opportunity. However, nearly three quarters (73%) of investors expect a recession in 2023 and almost two thirds (62%) name this as their biggest concern about investing during the year.

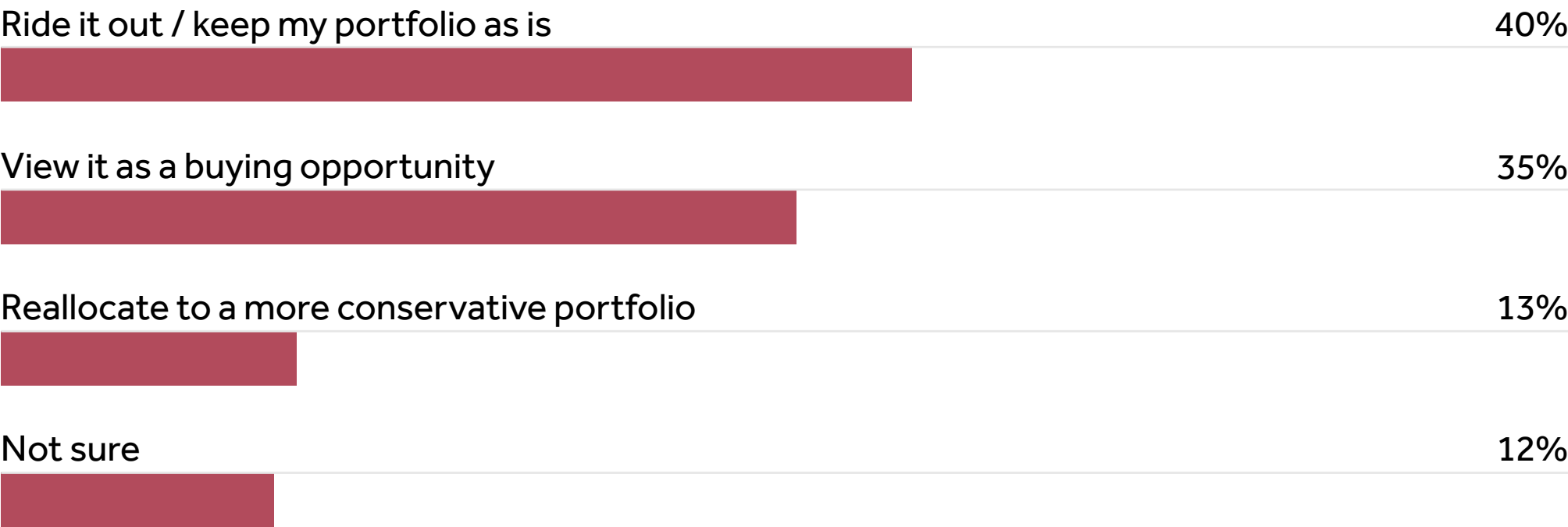
Will you take a ‘risk on’ or ‘risk off’ approach to investing in 2023?

Based on all 1002 respondents



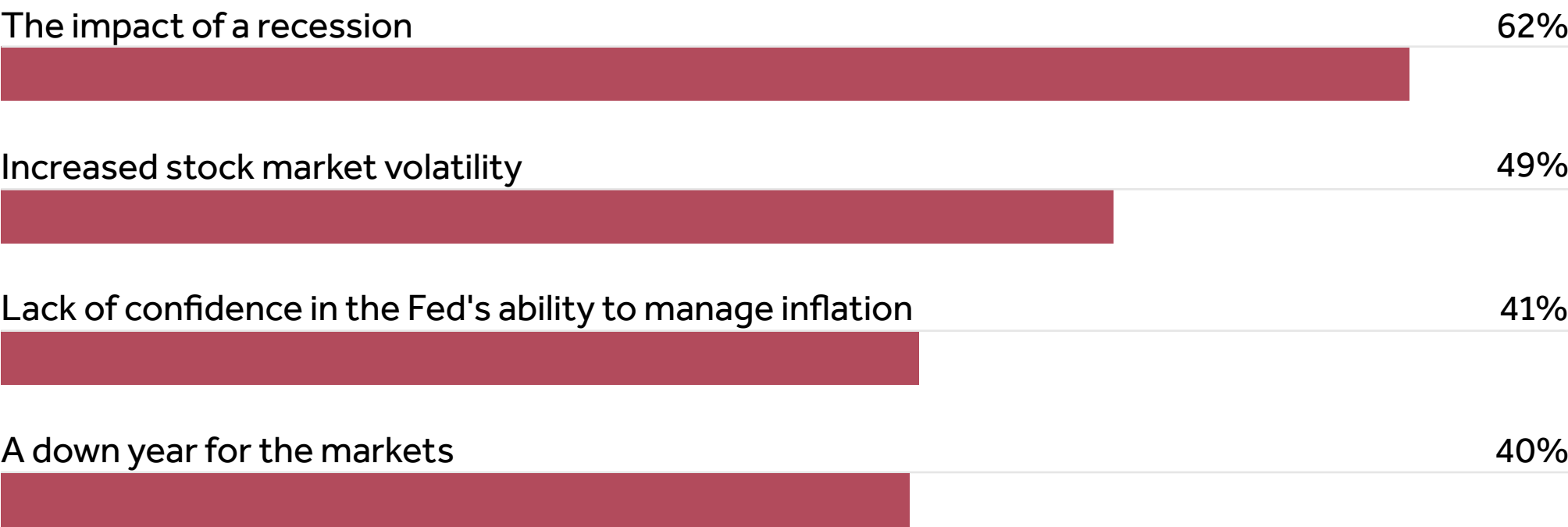
What would you do if stock market declined in 2023?

Based on all 1002 respondents



What are biggest concerns about investing in 2023?

Based on all 1002 respondents



Conclusion

Our inaugural FTSE Russell Retail Investor Survey shows how much investors value their financial advisors' partnership and wise advice, especially on new ideas and asset allocation strategies. In particular, it finds that investors want index strategy recommendations.

Retail investors view index strategies as a way to diversify and achieve long-term gains. Advisors should take note that high-net-worth clients especially are satisfied with their index strategies: they don't always want to allocate to unique and alternative investments. What's clear is that many investors need more investment education, which is an opportunity for financial advisors. This survey reveals that a trusted advisor willing to discuss a variety of solutions will build lasting client relationships.

FTSE Russell can be a valued partner in building these client relationships. Our indexes are rules-based, transparent, and rigorously maintained. You can also count on FTSE Russell to provide a wide variety of research and thought leadership, designed to help advisors plan better investment strategies and educate their clients.

A few words about our research:

Fielded in November 2022, FTSE Russell surveyed more than 1,000 US retail investors owning stocks, mutual funds or ETFs outside the workplace on a range of topics related to indexes, index investing and their economic outlook for 2023.

The research was conducted by 8 Acre Perspective, an independent marketing research firm. For more information, visit the FTSE Russell website.

About

About FTSE Russell:

FTSE Russell is a global index leader that provides innovative benchmarking, analytics and data solutions for investors worldwide. FTSE Russell calculates thousands of indexes that measure and benchmark markets and asset classes in more than 70 countries, covering 98% of the investable market globally.

FTSE Russell index expertise and products are used extensively by institutional and retail investors globally. Approximately \$17.9 trillion is currently benchmarked to FTSE Russell indexes. For over 30 years, leading asset owners, asset managers, ETF providers and investment banks have chosen FTSE Russell indexes to benchmark their investment performance and create ETFs, structured products and index-based derivatives.

A core set of universal principles guides FTSE Russell index design and management: a transparent rules-based methodology is informed by independent committees of leading market participants. FTSE Russell is focused on applying the highest industry standards in index design and governance and embraces the IOSCO Principles. FTSE Russell is also focused on index innovation and customer partnerships as it seeks to enhance the breadth, depth and reach of its offering.

FTSE Russell is wholly owned by London Stock Exchange Group.

For more information, visit www.ftserussell.com

Disclaimer

© 2023 London Stock Exchange Group plc and its applicable group undertakings (the “LSE Group”). The LSE Group includes (1) FTSE International Limited (“FTSE”), (2) Frank Russell Company (“Russell”), (3) FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc. and FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Limited (together, “FTSE Canada”), (4) MTSNext Limited (“MTSNext”), (5) Mergent, Inc. (“Mergent”), (6) FTSE Fixed Income LLC (“FTSE FI”), (7) The Yield Book Inc (“YB”) and (8) Beyond Ratings S.A.S. (“BR”). All rights reserved.

FTSE Russell® is a trading name of FTSE, Russell, FTSE Canada, MTSNext, Mergent, FTSE FI, YB and BR. “FTSE®”, “Russell®”, “FTSE Russell®”, “MTS®”, “FTSE4Good®”, “ICB®”, “Mergent®”, “The Yield Book®, Beyond Ratings®” and all other trademarks and service marks used herein (whether registered or unregistered) are trademarks and/or service marks owned or licensed by the applicable member of the LSE Group or their respective licensors and are owned, or used under licence, by FTSE, Russell, MTSNext, FTSE Canada, Mergent, FTSE FI, YB or BR. FTSE International Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority as a benchmark administrator.

All information is provided for information purposes only. All information and data contained in this publication is obtained by the LSE Group, from sources believed by it to be accurate and reliable. Because of the possibility of human and mechanical error as well as other factors, however, such information and data are provided “as is” without warranty of any kind. No member of the LSE Group nor their respective directors, officers, employees, partners or licensors make any claim, prediction, warranty or representation whatsoever, expressly or impliedly, either as to the accuracy, timeliness, completeness, merchantability of any information or of results to be obtained from the use of the FTSE Russell products, including but not limited to indexes, data and analytics, or the fitness or suitability of the FTSE Russell products for any particular purpose to which they might be put. Any representation

of historical data accessible through FTSE Russell products is provided for information purposes only and is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

No responsibility or liability can be accepted by any member of the LSE Group nor their respective directors, officers, employees, partners or licensors for (a) any loss or damage in whole or in part caused by, resulting from, or relating to any error (negligent or otherwise) or other circumstance involved in procuring, collecting, compiling, interpreting, analyzing, editing, transcribing, transmitting, communicating or delivering any such information or data or from use of this document or links to this document or (b) any direct, indirect, special, consequential or incidental damages whatsoever, even if any member of the LSE Group is advised in advance of the possibility of such damages, resulting from the use of, or inability to use, such information.

No member of the LSE Group nor their respective directors, officers, employees, partners or licensors provide investment advice, and nothing contained herein or accessible through FTSE Russell products, including statistical data and industry reports, should be taken as constituting financial or investment advice or a financial promotion.

The information contained in this report should not be considered “research” as defined in recital 28 of the Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2017/593 of 7 April 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (“MiFID II”) and is provided for no fee. No part of this information may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior written permission of the applicable member of the LSE Group. Use and distribution of the LSE Group data requires a licence from FTSE, Russell, FTSE Canada, MTSNext, Mergent, FTSE FI, YB, BR and/or their respective licensors.